

UNIT 1

- ✓ 对不起
duì bu qǐ
Excuse me.
- ✓ 你会说英文吗？
nǐ huì shuō yīng wén ma?
Can you speak English?
- ✓ 请问
qǐng wèn
Please let me ask.
- ✓ 你会说吗？
nǐ huì shuō ma?
Can you speak?
- ✓ 不会
bú huì
No (lit. cannot).
- ✓ 我不会说普通话
wǒ bú huì shuō pǔ tōng huà
I can't speak Mandarin.
- ✓ 一点儿
yì diǎnr
a little
- ✓ 我会说一点儿普通话
wǒ huì shuō yì diǎnr pǔ tōng huà
I can speak a little Mandarin.
- ✓ 美国
měi guó
America
- ✓ 美国人
měi guó rén
American (person)
- ✓ 是
shì
yes; to be

- ✓ 我是美国人
wǒ shì měi guó rén
I am American.
- ✓ 你是美国人吗？
nǐ shì měi guó rén ma?
Are you American?
- ✓ 是，我是美国人
shì, wǒ shì měi guó rén
Yes, I am American.

UNIT 2

- ✓ In Mandarin, yes and no answers change depending on the question. For example, a positive answer to *nǐ huì shuō ma?* would be *huì*.
- ✓ 好
hǎo
well; good
- ✓ 我说得不好
wǒ shuō de bù hǎo
I don't speak well.
- ✓ 你好
nǐ hǎo
Hello.
- ✓ 你好吗？
nǐ hǎo ma?
How are you? (With good friends. Not to be used in conjunction with “Nǐ hǎo.”)
- ✓ 很好，谢谢（你）
hěn hǎo, xiè xiè (nǐ)
Very well, thank you.
- ✓ 再见
zài jiàn
Good bye.

UNIT 3

- ✓ 中国
zhōng guó
China
- ✓ 你不是中国人
nǐ bú shì zhōng guó rén
You're not Chinese.
- ✓ 你呢？
nǐ ne?
How about you?
- ✓ 我是美国人，你呢？
wǒ shì měi guó rén, nǐ ne?
I'm American. How about you?
- ✓ 可是
kě shì
but
- ✓ 我不是中国人，可是我会说普通话
wǒ bú shì zhōng guó rén, kě shì wǒ huì shuō pǔ
tōng huà
I'm not Chinese, but I can speak Mandarin.
- ✓ 你普通话说得很好
nǐ pǔ tōng huà shuō de hěn hǎo
You speak Mandarin very well.

UNIT 4

- ✓ 不是很好
bú shì hěn hǎo
Not very well.
- ✓ 你明白
nǐ míng bái
You understand. (Understand the situation—but
not a language.)
- ✓ 我不明白你说什么
wǒ bù míng bái nǐ shuō shén me
I don't understand what you're saying.

- ✓ 学院路在哪儿？
xué yuàn lù zài nǎr?
Where is College Road?
- ✓ 长安街在这儿
cháng ān jiē zài zhèr
Long Peace Street is located here.
- ✓ 是在这儿吗？
shì zài zhèr ma?
Is it located here? (*Shì* is used because it is a yes or
no question.)
- ✓ 不是，不是在这儿
bú shì, bú shì zài zhèr
No, it's not located here.
- ✓ 是在那儿
shì zài nàr
It's located over there.
- ✓ 不在这儿，在那儿
bú zài zhèr, zài nàr
It's not located here, it's over there.
- ✓ 长安街在这儿，可是学院路在那儿
cháng ān jiē zài zhèr, kě shì xué yuàn lù zài nàr
Long Peace Street is located here, but College
Road is located over there.

UNIT 5

- ✓ 我不知道
wǒ bù zhī dào
I don't know.
- ✓ 你知道吗？
nǐ zhī dào ma?
Do you know?
- ✓ 知道，我知道
zhī dào, wǒ zhī dào
Yes, I know.
- ✓ 我想
wǒ xiǎng
I would like to.

- ✓ 你想吃一点儿东西吗？
nǐ xiǎng chī yì diǎnr dōng xi ma?
Would you like to eat something?
- ✓ 一点儿东西
yì diǎnr dōng xi
(a little) something
- ✓ 想，我想吃一点儿东西
xiǎng, wǒ xiǎng chī yì diǎnr dōng xi
Yes, I would like to eat something.
- ✓ 不想，谢谢你
bù xiǎng, xiè xiè nǐ
No, thank you.
- ✓ 可是我想喝一点儿东西
kě shì wǒ xiǎng hē yì diǎnr dōng xi
But I'd like to drink something.
- ✓ 可是我不想吃
kě shì wǒ bù xiǎng chī
But I don't want to eat.
- ✓ 我也想
wǒ yě xiǎng
I, too, would like to.
- ✓ 你想去我那儿吃吗？
nǐ xiǎng qù wǒ nàr chī ma?
Would you like to go to my place to eat?
- ✓ 什么时候？
shén me shí hòu?
When?
- ✓ 现在
xiàn zài
now
- ✓ 你想什么时候吃？
nǐ xiǎng shén me shí hòu chī?
When would you like to eat?
- ✓ 我不想现在吃
wǒ bù xiǎng xiàn zài chī
I would not like to eat now.

UNIT 6

- ✓ 你想去哪儿吃？
nǐ xiǎng qù nǎr chī?
Where would you like (to go) to eat?
- ✓ 我那儿
wǒ nàr
my place
- ✓ 去我那儿
qù wǒ nàr
to my place
- ✓ 我想去我那儿吃
wǒ xiǎng qù wǒ nàr chī
I'd like to go to my place to eat.
- ✓ 也
yě
also

- ✓ 过一会儿
guò yì huǐr
later
- ✓ 我不想在这儿喝
wǒ bù xiǎng zài zhèr hē
I would not like to drink here.
- ✓ 你想过一会儿喝吗？
nǐ xiǎng guò yì huǐr hē ma?
Would you like to drink later?

UNIT 7

- ✓ 你想在那儿吃吗？
nǐ xiǎng zài nàr chī ma?
Would you like to eat over there?
- ✓ 好
hǎo
Okay.

- ✓ 饭店
fàn diàn
restaurant
- ✓ 去饭店
qù fàn diàn
to a restaurant
- ✓ 好吗
hǎo ma?
Okay?
- ✓ 你想吃什么？
nǐ xiǎng chī shén me?
What would you like to eat?
- ✓ 一点儿茶
yì diǎnr chá
some tea
- ✓ 我想喝一点儿茶
wǒ xiǎng hē yì diǎnr chá
I want to drink some tea.
- ✓ 啤酒
pí jiǔ
beer
- ✓ 我想去饭店
wǒ xiǎng qù fàn diàn
I want to go to a restaurant.
- ✓ 可是过一会儿，好吗？
kě shì guò yì huǐr, hǎo ma?
But later, okay?
- ✓ 现在不好
xiàn zài bù hǎo
Not now.
- ✓ 我想去北京饭店
wǒ xiǎng qù běi jīng fàn diàn
I want to go to the Beijing restaurant.
- ✓ 北京饭店在哪儿？
běi jīng fàn diàn zài nǎr

- ✓ 可是我现在不想喝
kě shì wǒ xiàn zài bù xiǎng hē
But I would not like to drink now.
- ✓ 可是我想现在喝一点儿东西
kě shì wǒ xiǎng xiàn zài hē yì diǎnr dōng xi
But I would like to drink something now.

UNIT 8

- ✓ 吃午饭
chī wǔ fàn
to eat lunch
- ✓ 去我那儿吗？
qù wǒ nàr ma?
To my place?
- ✓ 两
liǎng
two (when using a measure word)
- ✓ 两杯
liǎng bēi
two glasses/containers
- ✓ 两杯啤酒
liǎng bēi pí jiǔ
two beers
- ✓ 要
yào
want
- ✓ 我想要____
wǒ xiǎng yào ____
I'd like to order ____.
- ✓ 我想要两杯啤酒
wǒ xiǎng yào liǎng bēi pí jiǔ
I'd like to order two beers.
- ✓ 还是
hái shì
or

- ✓ 你想喝茶还是啤酒？
nǐ xiǎng hē chá hái shì pí jiǔ?
Would you like to drink tea or beer?
- ✓ 你想做什么？
nǐ xiǎng zuò shén me?
What would you like to do?
- ✓ 去酒店
qù jiǔ diàn
to the hotel (Note! Hotels are called *fàn diàn* in Taiwan.)
- ✓ 我想买一点儿东西
wǒ xiǎng mǎi yì diǎnr dōng xi
I'd like to buy something.
- ✓ 你想买什么？
nǐ xiǎng mǎi shén me?
What would you like to buy?
- ✓ 跟
gēn
with
- ✓ 谁
shéi
who/whom
- ✓ 一起
yì qǐ
along
- ✓ 跟谁一起
gēn shéi yì qǐ?
(Along) with whom?
- ✓ 跟你一起
gēn nǐ yì qǐ
with you
- ✓ 你想跟我一起喝一点儿东西吗？
nǐ xiǎng gēn wǒ yì qǐ hē yì diǎnr dōng xi ma?
Would you like to eat something with me?

UNIT 9

- ✓ 你知道长安街在哪儿吗？
nǐ zhī dào cháng ān jiē zài nǎr ma?
Do you know where Long Peace Street is located?
- ✓ 或者
huò zhě
or
- ✓ In Mandarin, two different words for 'or' are used, depending on whether they are contained within a statement (*huò zhě*) or a question (*hǎi shì*).
- ✓ 我想
wǒ xiǎng mǎi chá huò zhě pí jiǔ
I would like to order tea or beer.
- ✓ 你想吃一点儿东西还是喝一点儿东西？
nǐ xiǎng chī yì diǎnr dōng xi hái shì hē yì diǎnr dōng xi?
Would you like to eat something or drink something?
- ✓ 可不是在这儿
kě shì bú shì zài zhèr
But not here.
- ✓ 几点钟？
jǐ diǎn zhōng?
At what time?
- ✓ 一点钟
yì diǎn zhōng
(At) one o'clock.
- ✓ 九点钟
jiǔ diǎn zhōng
nine o'clock
- ✓ 八
bā
eight
- ✓ 是八点钟吗？
shì bā diǎn zhōng ma?
Is it at eight o'clock?

- ✓ 不是，是九点钟
bú shì, shì jiǔ diǎn zhōng
No, it's at nine o'clock.
- ✓ 两点钟
liǎng diǎn zhōng
two o'clock
- ✓ 八点钟还是九点钟？
bā diǎn zhōng hái shì jiǔ diǎn zhōng?
At eight o'clock or at nine o'clock?
- ✓ 好，在酒店
hǎo, zài jiǔ diàn
Okay, at the hotel.
- ✓ 过一会儿呢？
guò yì huēr ne?
How about later?
- ✓ 不好，谢谢你，我不想两点钟喝。
bù hǎo, xiè xiè nǐ, wǒ bù xiǎng liǎng diǎn zhōng hē.
No thanks. I'd not like to drink at two o'clock.
- ✓ 不行
bù xíng
Impossible.
- ✓ 一点钟不行，两点钟不行
yì diǎn zhōng bù xíng, liǎng diǎn zhōng bù xíng
One o'clock impossible, two o'clock impossible.
- ✓ 我不明白什么？
wǒ bù míng bái shén me?
What don't I understand?
- ✓ 现在几点钟？
xiàn zài jǐ diǎn zhōng?
What time is it now?
- ✓ 一点钟
yì diǎn zhōng
It's one o'clock.
- ✓ 五
wǔ
five
- ✓ 三
sān
three
- ✓ 四
sì
four
- ✓ 是四点钟吗？
shì sì diǎn zhōng ma?
Is it four o'clock?
- ✓ 要
yào
to be going to
- ✓ 我要现在吃午饭
wǒ yào xiàn zài chī wǔ fàn
I'm going to have lunch now.
- ✓ 你要现在吃一点儿东西吗？
nǐ yào xiàn zài chī yì diǎnr dōng xi ma?
Are you going to eat something now?
- ✓ 是
shì
Yes. (When answering *yes* to a "going to" question)
- ✓ 我啊
wǒ a
As for me...
- ✓ 我啊，我要吃午饭
wǒ a, wǒ yào chī wǔ fàn
As for me, I'm going to eat lunch.

UNIT 10

- ✓ 我不想喝东西
wǒ bù xiǎng hē dōng xi
I don't want to drink anything.
- ✓ 东西
dōng xi
thing/anything

- ✓ 你想什么时候跟我一起吃午饭？
nǐ xiǎng shén me shí hòu gēn wǒ yì qǐ chī wǔ fàn?
When would you like to have lunch with me?

UNIT 11

- ✓ 现在四点钟
xiàn zài sì diǎn zhōng
Now it's four o'clock.
- ✓ 现在吗？
xiàn zài ma?
Now?
- ✓ 不是现在
bú shì xiàn zài
It isn't now.
- ✓ 六
liù
six
- ✓ 七
qī
seven
- ✓ 那么
nà me
in that case; then
- ✓ 吧
ba
let's say
- ✓ 那么七点钟吧
nà me qī diǎn zhōng ba
In that case, let's say seven o'clock.
- ✓ 今天
jīn tiān
today
- ✓ 晚上
wǎn shàng
in the evening

- ✓ 今天晚上
jīn tiān wǎn shàng
this evening
- ✓ 晚饭
wǎn fàn
dinner
- ✓ 今天晚上我要吃晚饭
jīn tiān wǎn shàng wǒ yào chī wǎn fàn
I'm going to eat dinner this evening.
- ✓ 十
shí
ten
- ✓ 明天
míng tiān
tomorrow
- ✓ 明天我要跟你一起吃晚饭
míng tiān wǒ yào gēn nǐ yì qǐ chī wǎn fàn
Tomorrow I'm going to eat dinner with you.
- ✓ 明天晚上七点钟
míng tiān wǎn shàng qī diǎn zhōng
tomorrow evening at seven o'clock
- ✓ 今天我不想吃东西
jīn tiān wǒ bù xiǎng chī dōng xi
Today I would not like to eat anything.
- ✓ 你想今天做什么？
nǐ xiǎng jīn tiān zuò shén me?
What would you like to do today?
- ✓ 明天见
míng tiān jiàn
See you tomorrow.

UNIT 12

- ✓ 是十点钟吗？
shì shí diǎn zhōng ma?
Is it ten o'clock?

- ✓ 多少？
duō shǎo?
How much/many?
- ✓ 多少钱
duō shǎo qián?
How much money? / How much does it cost?
- ✓ 人民币
rén mín bì
renminbi (currency of the People's Republic of China)
- ✓ 一块人民币
yí kuài rén mín bì
one (unit of) renminbi
- ✓ 十一
shí yī
eleven
- ✓ 十二
shí èr
twelve
- ✓ 十二块人民币
shí èr kuài rén mín bì
12 renminbi
- ✓ 两块人民币
liǎng kuài rén mín bì
two renminbi
- ✓ The measure word *kuài* is not needed when asking how much.
- ✓ 我有十四块人民币
wǒ yǒu shí sì kuài rén mín bì
I have 14 renminbi.
- ✓ 你有多少美金？
nǐ yǒu duō shǎo měi jīn?
How many American dollars do you have?
- ✓ 我有十四块美金
wǒ yǒu shí sì kuài měi jīn
I have 14 US dollars.
- ✓ 你有吗？
nǐ yǒu ma?
Do you have?
- ✓ 你有没有？
nǐ yǒu méi yǒu?
Do you have?
- ✓ 没有
méi yǒu
Don't have.
- ✓ 你有没有七块人民币？
nǐ yǒu méi yǒu qī kuài rén mín bì?
Do you have seven renminbi?
- ✓ 没有
méi yǒu
No (I don't have).

UNIT 13

- ✓ 什么时候？是今天吗？
shén me shí hòu? shì jīn tiān ma?
When? Is it today?
- ✓ 还是明天？
hái shì míng tiān?
Or tomorrow?
- ✓ 你有多少人民币？
nǐ yǒu duō shǎo rén mín bì?
How much renminbi do you have?
- ✓ 加
jiā
plus
- ✓ 十一加一
shí yī jiā yī
eleven plus one
- ✓ 我没有人民币
wǒ méi yǒu rén mín bì
I don't have (any) renminbi.

- ✓ [nò] , 十块美金
nò, shí kuài měi jīn
Here you are, ten American dollars.
- ✓ 你想不想吃一点儿东西？
nǐ xiǎng bù xiǎng chī yì diǎnr dōng xi?
Would you like to eat something?
- ✓ 好 , [nò] , 一杯啤酒
hǎo, nò, yì bēi pí jiǔ
Okay, here you are, one beer.

UNIT 14

- ✓ 报纸
bào zhǐ
newspaper
- ✓ 我要
wǒ yào
I want.
- ✓ 我不要人民币
wǒ bú yào rén mín bì
I don't want any renminbi.
- ✓ 你要不要？
nǐ yào bú yào?
Do you want?
- ✓ 多
duō
much
- ✓ 你有多少美金？
nǐ yǒu duō shǎo měi jīn?
How many American dollars do you have?
- ✓ 我有很多人民币
wǒ yǒu hěn duō rén mín bì
I have a lot of renminbi.
- ✓ 我有一点儿美金
wǒ yǒu yì diǎnr měi jīn
I have some US dollars.

- ✓ 给我一点儿人民币
gěi wǒ yì diǎnr rén mín bì
Give me some renminbi.
- ✓ 不是很多
bú shì hěn duō
It isn't very much.
- ✓ 是不是在那儿？
shì bú shì zài nàr?
Is it located over there?
- ✓ 不客气
bú kè qì
Don't mention it.
- ✓ 给我十七或者十八块美金
gěi wǒ shí qī huò zhě shí bā kuài měi jīn
Give me seventeen or eighteen US dollars.
- ✓ 我给你十块美金
wǒ gěi nǐ shí kuài měi jīn
I'm giving you ten American dollars.

UNIT 15

- ✓ 你说什么？
nǐ shuō shén me?
What did you say?
- ✓ 给你的
gěi nǐ de
for you
- ✓ 茶是给你的
chá shì gěi nǐ de
The tea is for you.
- ✓ 一杯啤酒多少钱？
yì bēi pí jiǔ duō shǎo qián?
How much does one beer cost?
- ✓ 一块人民币一杯
yì kuài rén mín bì yì bēi
One renminbi for one cup.

- ✓ 茶两块
chá liǎng kuài
The tea—two units.
- ✓ 我不可以
wǒ bù kě yǐ
I can't.
- ✓ 我可以
wǒ kě yǐ
I can.
- ✓ *kě yǐ* = able to
huì = know how to
- ✓ 你可不可以？
nǐ kě bù kě yǐ?
Can you?
- ✓ 你可不可以现在吃？
nǐ kě bù kě yǐ xiàn zài chī?
Can you eat now?
- ✓ 可以，我可以现在吃
kě yǐ, wǒ kě yǐ xiàn zài chī
Yes, I can eat now.
- ✓ 我不可以现在吃
wǒ bù kě yǐ xiàn zài chī
I can't eat now.
- ✓ 你可不可以给我一点儿钱？
nǐ kě bù kě yǐ gěi wǒ yì diǎnr qián?
Can you give me some money?
- ✓ 我不可以给你
wǒ bù kě yǐ gěi nǐ
I can't give you (any).
- ✓ 我有一点儿，不是很多
wǒ yǒu yì diǎnr, bú shì hěn duō
I have some. Not very many.
- ✓ 你今天晚上可不可以？
nǐ jīn tiān wǎn shàng kě bù kě yǐ?
Can you ___ this evening?

- ✓ 可以，我今天晚上可以
kě yǐ, wǒ jīn tiān wǎn shàng kě yǐ
Yes, I can this evening.

UNIT 16

- ✓ 是不是给我的？
shì bú shì gěi wǒ de?
是给我的吗？
shì gěi wǒ de ma?
Is it for me?
- ✓ 很多钱
hěn duō qián
That's a lot of money.
- ✓ 太
tài
too; excessively
- ✓ 太多了
tài duō le
It's too much.
- ✓ 太多钱了
tài duō qián le
It's too much money.
- ✓ 二十
èr shí
twenty
- ✓ 二十四
èr shí sì
twenty-four
- ✓ 够了
gòu le
It's enough.
- ✓ 不够
bù gòu
It's not enough.
- ✓ With the negative, *le* is not needed.

- ✓ 三十五，够了
sān shí wǔ, gòu le
Thirty-five, that's enough.
- ✓ 太多了吗？
tài duō le ma?
是不是太多了？
shì bú shì tài duō le?
Is it too much?
- ✓ 不是，可是够了
bú shì, kě shì gòu le
No, but it's enough.
- ✓ 你有钱吗？
nǐ yǒu qián ma?
Do you have any money?
- ✓ 你可以给我一点儿钱吗？
nǐ kě yǐ gěi wǒ yì diǎnr qián ma?
你可不可以给我一点儿钱？
nǐ kě bù kě yǐ gěi wǒ yì diǎnr qián?
Can you give me some money?
- ✓ 现在我有四十一块人民币
xiàn zài wǒ yǒu sì shí yì kuài rén mín bì
Now I have 41 renminbi.
- ✓ 你钱够吗？
nǐ qián gòu ma?
你钱够不够？
nǐ qián gòu bú gòu?
Do you have enough money?
- ✓ 我不够
wǒ bú gòu
I don't have enough.
- ✓ 太贵了
tài guì le
It's too expensive.
- ✓ 不太贵
bú tài guì
It's not too expensive.
- ✓ 你有美金给我吗？
nǐ yǒu měi jīn gěi wǒ ma?
你有没有美金给我？
nǐ yǒu méi yǒu měi jīn gěi wǒ?
Do you have American dollars for me?

UNIT 17

- ✓ 你有人民币给我吗？
nǐ yǒu rén mín bì gěi wǒ ma?
你有没有人民币给我？
nǐ yǒu méi yǒu rén mín bì gěi wǒ?
Do you have renminbi for me?
- ✓ 够吗？
gòu ma?
够不够？
gòu bú gòu?
Is it enough?
- ✓ 我够了
wǒ gòu le
I have enough.
- ✓ Thus, *gòu le* can also mean “to have enough.”
- ✓ 我钱够了
wǒ qián gòu le
I have enough money.
- ✓ 你说得太快了
nǐ shuō de tài kuài le
You speak too quickly.
- ✓ 我说得不快
wǒ shuō de bú kuài
I don't speak quickly.
- ✓ 你说得很快
nǐ shuō de hěn kuài
You speak very quickly.
- ✓ 我说得快了吗？
wǒ shuō de kuài le ma?
Do I speak quickly?
- ✓ 你说得不贵
nǐ shuō de bú guì
You don't speak quickly.

- ✓ 你钱够吗？
nǐ qián gòu ma?
你钱够不够？
nǐ qián gòu bú gòu?
Do you have enough money?

UNIT 18

- ✓ 一百
yì bǎi
one-hundred
- ✓ 很贵
hěn guì
It's very expensive.
- ✓ 在那儿不太贵
zài nàr, bú tài guì
Over there, it's not too expensive.
- ✓ 比较贵
bǐ jiào guì
It's more expensive. (Lit. "It's relatively expensive.")
- ✓ 我的先生说得很快
wǒ de xiān shēng shuō de hěn kuài
My husband speaks very fast.
- ✓ 太太
tài tai
wife
- ✓ 我的太太在那儿
wǒ de tài tai zài nàr
My wife is over there.
- ✓ 我的太太想喝一点儿东西
wǒ de tài tai xiǎng hē yì diǎnr dōng xi
My wife would like to drink something.
- ✓ 在这儿比较贵
zài zhèr bǐ jiào guì
Here it's more expensive.

- ✓ 水
shuǐ
water
- ✓ 麻烦你给我水
má fan nǐ gěi wǒ shuǐ
Please give me water.
- ✓ *Má fan nǐ* literally means "bothering you."
- ✓ 谁在那儿？
shéi zài nàr?
Who's over there?
- ✓ 我要跟我的先生一起吃晚饭
wǒ yào gēn wǒ de xiān shēng yì qǐ chī wǎn fàn
I'm going to eat dinner with my husband.
- ✓ 那么你想喝一点儿东西吗？
nà me nǐ xiǎng hē yì diǎnr dōng xi ma?
Then would you like to drink something?
- ✓ 那么茶呢？
nà me chá ne?
Then what about tea?

UNIT 19

- ✓ 六十八块太贵了
liù shí bā kuài tài guì le
Sixty-eight units is too expensive.
- ✓ 他在那儿
tā zài nàr
He's over there.
- ✓ 她在哪儿？
tā zài nǎr
where is she?
- ✓ 陈先生想喝什么？
Chén xiān shēng xiǎng hē shén me?
What would Mr. Chen like to drink?
- ✓ 请进
qǐng jìn
Please come in.

- ✓ *Má fán nǐ* is used when asking for something. It's like saying, "Please give me."
- ✓ *Qǐng* is used when making an offer or inviting someone to do something.
- ✓ 你们
nǐ men
you (plural)
- ✓ 你们住在哪儿？
nǐ men zhù zài nǎr?
- ✓ 你们住
nǐ men zhù
You (plural) live.
- ✓ 我们住在那儿
wǒ men zhù zài zhèr
We live here.
- ✓ 和
hé
and
- ✓ 我的先生和我
wǒ de xiān shēng hé wǒ
my husband and I
- ✓ 我们不住在这儿
wǒ men bú zhù zài zhèr
We don't live here.
- ✓ Ellis 太太在哪儿？
Ellis tài tai zài nǎr?
Where is Mrs. Ellis?
- ✓ 我的太太在我那儿
wǒ de tài tai zài wǒ nàr
My wife is at my place.
- ✓ 我们住在华盛顿
wǒ men zhù zài huà shèng dùn
We live in Washington.
- ✓ 你住在哪儿？
nǐ zhù zài nǎr?
Where do you live?

- ✓ 你跟你的太太在一起吗？
nǐ gēn nǐ de tài tai zài yì qǐ ma?
You along with your wife are located together?
- ✓ An affirmative answer to the previous question:
shì.
- ✓ 谁？
shéi?
Who is it?
- ✓ 是我的先生
shì wǒ de xiān shēng
It's my husband.
- ✓ 麻烦你我们想喝茶
má fán nǐ wǒ men xiǎng hē chá
Please, we would like to drink tea.

UNIT 20

- ✓ 她跟你在一起吗？
tā gēn nǐ zài yì qǐ ma?
Is she with you?
- ✓ 她跟你的先生在一起
tā gēn nǐ de xiān shēng zài yì qǐ
She is with your husband.
- ✓ 你们有小孩儿吗？
nǐ men yǒu xiǎo hái ma?
Do you have children?
- ✓ 几个小孩儿？
jǐ gè xiǎo hái?
How many children?
- ✓ *Ge* is a measure word used when referring to the size of a group of people.
- ✓ 你们有几个小孩儿？
nǐ men yǒu jǐ ge xiǎo hái?
How many children do you have?
- ✓ 我们三个小孩儿
wǒ men yǒu sān ge xiǎo hái
We have three children.

- ✓ 两个儿子
liǎng ge ér zi
two sons
- ✓ 一个女儿
yí gè nǚ ér
one daughter
- ✓ 我没有儿子
wǒ méi yǒu ér zi
I don't have any sons.
- ✓ 很多小孩日
hěn duō xiǎo hái rì
That's a lot of children.
- ✓ 大
dà
big
- ✓ 我的儿子很大了
wǒ de ér zi hěn dà le
My son is very grown-up.
- ✓ The ending *le*, in conjunction with *dà*, indicates maturity—rather than size.
- ✓ 你的儿子很大了吗？
nǐ de ér zi hěn dà le ma?
Is your son very grown-up?
- ✓ 是，他很大了
shì, tā hěn dà le
Yes, he's very grown-up.
- ✓ 她不是很大
tā bú shì hěn dà
She's not very grown-up.
- ✓ 他们很大了
tā men hěn dà le
They're very grown-up.

UNIT 21

- ✓ 大儿子
dà ér zi
older son
- ✓ 等一会儿
děng yí huǐr
Wait one moment.
- ✓ 你可以等一会儿吗？
nǐ kě yǐ děng yí huǐr ma?
Can you wait a moment?
- ✓ 小女儿
xiǎo nǚ ér
younger daughter
- ✓ 我的儿子很小
wǒ de ér zi hěn xiǎo
My son is very young.
- ✓ 他真的很小
tā zhēn de hěn xiǎo
He is really very young.
- ✓ 真的？
zhēn de?
Really?
- ✓ 是，真的
shì, zhēn de
Yes, really.
- ✓ 洗手间在哪儿？
xǐ shǒu jiān zài nǎr?
Where is the bathroom?
- ✓ 家人
jiā rén
family
- ✓ 大儿子跟我们在一起
dà ér zi gēn wǒ men zài yì qǐ
The older son is (together) with us.

✓ 大儿子跟我们在这儿
dà ér zǐ gēn wǒ men zài zhèr
The older son is here with us.

✓ 你们的家人很多
nǐ men de jiā rén hěn duō
You have a very big family.

✓ 不是很多
bú shì hěn duō
Not very many.

UNIT 22

✓ 问
wèn
Ask.

✓ 再问一次
zài wèn yí cì
Ask it again.

✓ 我的家人跟我再一起
wǒ de jiā rén gēn wǒ zài yì qǐ
My family is with me.

✓ 几个人？
jǐ ge rén?
How many people?

✓ 你家里有几个人？
nǐ jiā lǐ yǒu jǐ ge rén?
How many people are in your family?

✓ 里
lǐ
inside

✓ 我们明天要去香港
wǒ men míng tiān yào qù xiāng gǎng
We are going to go to Hong Kong.

✓ 我的家人要去香港
wǒ de jiā rén yào qù xiāng gǎng
My family is going to go to Hong Kong.

✓ 飞机
fēi jī
airplane

✓ 你们要坐飞机去吗？
nǐ men yào zuò fēi jī qù ma?
Are you going to take a plane?

✓ 她要坐飞机去香港
tā yào zuò fēi jī qù xiāng gǎng
She is going to take an airplane to Hong Kong.

✓ 飞机场在哪儿？
fēi jī chǎng zài nǎr?
Where is the airport?

✓ 两千
liǎng qiān
two-thousand

✓ 小时
xiǎo shí
hour

✓ 几个小时？
jǐ ge xiǎo shí?
How many hours?

✓ 三个小时
sān ge xiǎo shí
three hours

✓ 要几个小时？
yào jǐ ge xiǎo shí?
How many hours is it?

✓ 要三个小时
yào sān ge xiǎo shí
It's going to be three hours.

UNIT 23

✓ 两个大人
liǎng ge dà rén
two adults

- ✓ 普通话__怎么说？
pǔ tōng huà __ zěn me shuō?
How do you say __ in Mandarin?
- ✓ 我们家里有很多人
wǒ men jiā lǐ yǒu hěn duō rén
There are many people in our family.
- ✓ 百
bǎi
hundred
- ✓ 要几个小时？
yào jǐ ge xiǎo shí?
How many hours is it?
- ✓ 很远
hěn yuǎn
It's very far.
- ✓ 香港不是很远
xiāng gǎng bú shì hěn yuǎn
Hong Kong is not very far.
- ✓ 香港很远吗？
xiāng gǎng hěn yuǎn ma?
香港是不是很远？
xiāng gǎng shì bú shì hěn yuǎn?
Is Hong Kong very far?
- ✓ 很贵吗？
hěn guì ma?
Is it very expensive?
- ✓ 太远了
tài yuǎn le
It's too far.
- ✓ 班机
bān jī
flight
- ✓ 哪
nǎ
which
- ✓ 哪个班机？
nǎ ge bān jī?
Which flight?
- ✓ 哪个班机去香港？
nǎ ge bān jī qù xiāng gǎng?
Which flight goes to Hong Kong?
- ✓ 走
zǒu
go (when describing an ongoing motion)
- ✓ 一直往前
yì zhí wǎng qián
straight ahead
- ✓ 一直往前走
yì zhí wǎng qián zǒu
Go straight ahead.
- ✓ 这个班机
zhè ge bān jī
this flight
- ✓ 这个班机去香港吗？
zhè ge bān jī qù xiāng gǎng ma?
Does this flight go to Hong Kong?

UNIT 24

- ✓ 在中国坐飞机很贵吗？
zài zhōng guó zuò fēi jī hěn guì ma?
在中国坐飞机是不是很贵？
zài zhōng guó zuò fēi jī shì bú shì hěn guì?
In China, is it expensive to travel by airplane?
- ✓ 要14个小时
yào shí sì gè xiǎo shí
It takes 14 hours.
- ✓ 坐飞机很贵
zuò fēi jī hěn guì
Flying is very expensive.
- ✓ 港币
gǎng bì
Hong Kong dollar

- ✓ 我有 70 块港币
wǒ yǒu qī shí kuài gǎng bì
I have 70 Hong Kong dollars.
- ✓ 我够了
wǒ gòu le
I have enough.
- ✓ 英皇道
yīng huáng dào
King's Road
- ✓ 走英皇道
zǒu yīng huáng dào
Take King's Road
- ✓ 条路
tiáo lù
road (tiáo is a measure word for roads)
- ✓ 右边
yòu biān
to the right
- ✓ 右边那条路
yòu biān nà tiáo lù
the road to the right
- ✓ 哪条路？
nǎ tiáo lù?
Which road?
- ✓ 不是一直往前走
bú shì yì zhí wǎng qián zǒu
It's not straight ahead.
- ✓ 应该
yīng gāi
should
- ✓ 你应该走右边那条路
nǐ yīng gāi zǒu yòu biān nà tiáo lù
You should take the road to the right.
- ✓ 我应该走哪条路？
wǒ yīng gāi zǒu nǎ tiáo lù?
I should take which road?
- ✓ 哪条是英皇道？
nǎ tiáo shì yīng huáng dào?
Which is King's Road? (The measure word tiáo is used to imply "which road".)
- ✓ 左边
zuǒ biān
to the left
- ✓ 左边那条路吗？
zuǒ biān nà tiáo lù ma?
The road to the left?
- ✓ 走左边那条路吗？
zǒu zuǒ biān nà tiáo lù ma?
Take the road to the left?
- ✓ 然后
rán hòu
then
- ✓ 然后一直往前走
rán hòu yì zhí wǎng qián zǒu
Then go straight ahead.
- ✓ 那条是英皇道
nà tiáo shì yīng huáng dào
That is King's Road.
- ✓ 国语
guó yǔ
Mandarin (The term is mainly used in Hong Kong.)
- ✓ 你说得太快了
nǐ shuō de tài kuài le
You speak too fast.
- ✓ 请再说一次
Qǐng zài shuō yí cì
Please say it again.
- ✓ 饭店不是很远
fàn diàn bú shì hěn yuǎn
The restaurant isn't too far.

- ✓ 我真的不知道
wǒ zhēn de bù zhī dào
I really don't know.

UNIT 25

- ✓ 那条路在那儿
nà tiáo lù zài nàr
The road is over there.
- ✓ 我可以在这儿买一点儿东西吗？
wǒ kě yǐ zài zhèr mǎi yì diǎnr dōng xi ma?
Can I buy something here?
- ✓ 你不可以买东西
nǐ bù kě yǐ mǎi dōng xi
You can't buy anything.
- ✓ 为什么？
wèi shén me?
Why?
- ✓ 因为
yīn wèi
because
- ✓ 商店
shāng diàn
store
- ✓ 关
guān
closed
- ✓ 门
mén
door
- ✓ 关门了
guān mén le
The doors have been closed. (The *le* indicates
“have been.”)
- ✓ 商店关门了
shāng diàn guān mén le
The stores have been closed.

- ✓ 因为太晚了
yīn wèi tài wǎn le
Because it's too late.
- ✓ 开
kāi
open
- ✓ 开门
kāi mén
open doors
- ✓ 商店开门了吗？
shāng diàn kāi mén le ma?
商店有没有开门？
shāng diàn yǒu méi yǒu kāi mén?
Are the shops open?
- ✓ 没有，商店没有开门
méi yǒu, shāng diàn méi yǒu kāi mén
No, the shops are not open.
- ✓ 现在商店开门了吗？
xiàn zài shāng diàn kāi mén le ma?
Are the shops open now?
- ✓ 明天商店开门？
míng tiān shāng diàn kāi mén?
Are the shops open tomorrow?
- ✓ 我想买一点儿东西给我的太太
wǒ xiǎng mǎi yì diǎnr dōng xi gěi wǒ de tài tai
I want to buy something for my wife.

UNIT 26

- ✓ 不是很晚
bú shì hěn wǎn
It's not too late.
- ✓ 你有多少港币？
nǐ yǒu duō shǎo gǎng bì?
How many Hong Kong dollars do you have?
- ✓ 你要在那儿做什么？
nǐ yào zài nàr zuò shén me?
What are you going to do there?

- ✓ 朋友
péng yǒu
friend
- ✓ 我要看几个朋友
wǒ yào kàn jǐ ge péng yǒu
I'm going to see some friends.
- ✓ 他们不是在香港
tā men bú shì zài xiāng gǎng
They're not in Hong Kong.
- ✓ 我有几个朋友在北京
wǒ yǒu jǐ ge péng yǒu zài běi jīng
I have some friends in Beijing.
- ✓ 工作
gōng zuò
work
- ✓ 我要去那儿工作
wǒ yào qù nàr gōng zuò
I'm going to go there to work.
- ✓ 两天
liǎng tiān
two days (a measure word is not needed for days)
- ✓ 呆
dāi
stay
- ✓ 我要在那儿呆三天
wǒ yào zài nàr dāi sān tiān
I'm going to stay there three days.
- ✓ 你要呆
nǐ yào dāi
You are going to stay.
- ✓ 几天？
jǐ tiān?
How many days?
- ✓ 可能
kě néng
maybe
- ✓ 可能三天
kě néng sān tiān
Maybe three days.
- ✓ 我可能要看几个朋友
wǒ kě néng yào kàn jǐ ge péng yǒu
Maybe I'm going to see some friends.
- ✓ 可能要
kě néng yào
Maybe yes (I will).
- ✓ 我想
wǒ xiǎng
I think.
- ✓ 我想我要工作
wǒ xiǎng wǒ yào gōng zuò
I think I'm going to work.
- ✓ 你要看 Peter 吗？
nǐ yào kàn Peter ma?
Are you going to see Peter?
- ✓ 我可能要
wǒ kě néng yào
Maybe I will.
- ✓ 麻烦你给我几块人民币
má fan nǐ gěi wǒ jǐ kuài rén mín bì
Please give me some renminbi.
- ✓ 我要在北京呆几天
wǒ yào zài běi jīng dāi jǐ tiān
I'm going to stay some days in Beijing.
- ✓ 你想买东西吗？
nǐ xiǎng mǎi dōng xi ma?
Would you like to buy something?
- ✓ 你要在那儿做什么？
nǐ yào zài nàr zuò shén me?
What are you going to do there?
- ✓ 我想我要在那儿工作
wǒ xiǎng wǒ yào zài nàr gōng zuò
I think I'll work there.

UNIT 27

- ✓ 你要去那儿做什么？
nǐ yào qù nàr zuò shén me?
What are you going to go there to do?
- ✓ 你要在北京呆几天？
nǐ yào zài běi jīng dāi jǐ tiān?
How many days are you going to stay in Beijing?
- ✓ 我想走了
wǒ xiǎng zǒu le
I'd like to leave.
- ✓ 你想走了吗？
nǐ xiǎng zǒu le ma?
你想不想走？
nǐ xiǎng bù xiǎng zǒu? (*Le* is dropped)
Would you like to leave?
- ✓ 我不想走
wǒ bù xiǎng zǒu
I'd not like to leave. (*Le* is dropped)
- ✓ 明天我要走了
míng tiān wǒ yào zǒu le
Tomorrow, I'm going to leave.
- ✓ 我们要一起走
wǒ men yào yì qǐ zǒu
We're going to leave together. (*Le* is dropped)
- ✓ 我想跟你一起走
wǒ xiǎng gēn nǐ yì qǐ zǒu
I'd like to leave with you.
- ✓ 就
jiù
only
- ✓ 就我一个人
jiù wǒ yī ge rén
I'm alone.
- ✓ 就你一个人吗？
jiù nǐ yī ge rén ma?
Are you alone?

- ✓ 我和我的先生一起
wǒ hé wǒ de xiān shēng yì qǐ
My husband and I are together.
- ✓ 我们要一起走
wǒ men yào yì qǐ zǒu
We're going to leave together.
- ✓ 就我一个人走
jiù wǒ yī ge rén zǒu
I'm leaving alone.
- ✓ 可能是
kě néng shì
Maybe yes.

UNIT 28

- ✓ 什么意思？
shén me yì si?
What's the meaning?
- ✓ 意思
yì si
meaning
- ✓ 我们在这儿几天了
wǒ men zài zhèr jǐ tiān le
We have been here for some days. (*Le* = "have been")
- ✓ 多久了？
duō jiǔ le?
For how long?
- ✓ 几天了
jǐ tiān le
For a few days.
- ✓ 九天了
jiǔ tiān le
For nine days.
- ✓ 我想呆几天
wǒ xiǎng dāi jǐ tiān
I'd like to stay for some days.

- ✓ 你们要呆多久？
nǐ men yào dāi duō jiǔ?
You're going to stay how long?
- ✓ 可能我要看几个朋友
kě néng wǒ yào kàn jǐ ge péng yǒu
Maybe I'll see a few friends.
- ✓ 意思是____
yì si shì ____
The meaning is ____.
- ✓ 时间
shí jiān
time
- ✓ 因为我们没有时间
yīn wèi wǒ men méi yǒu shí jiān
Because we don't have the time.
- ✓ 你们在这儿多久了？
nǐ men zài zhèr duō jiǔ le?
How long have you been here?
- ✓ 太遗憾了
rài yí hàn le
That's really too bad.
- ✓ 我们是昨天到的
wǒ men shì zuó tiān dào de
We arrived yesterday.
- ✓ 你昨天买了什么？
nǐ zuó tiān mǎi le shén me?
What did you buy yesterday?
- ✓ 你买了
nǐ mǎi le
You bought.
- ✓ 你买了什么？
nǐ mǎi le shén me?
What did you buy?
- ✓ 我买了一点儿东西喝
wǒ mǎi le yì diǎnr dōng xi hē
I bought something to drink.
- ✓ 你吃了吗
nǐ chī le ma?
Did you eat?
- ✓ 吃了
chī le
Yes, I ate.

UNIT 29

- ✓ 星期
xīng qī
weeks
- ✓ 几个星期
jǐ ge xīng qī
a few weeks
- ✓ 一个星期
yí ge xīng qī
one week
- ✓ 一个星期了
yí ge xīng qī le
It has been a week.
- ✓ 我昨天吃了
wǒ zuó tiān chī le.
I ate yesterday.
- ✓ 我喜欢啤酒
wǒ xǐ huān pí jiǔ.
I like beer.
- ✓ 我喜欢吃东西
wǒ xǐ huān chī dōng xi
I like to eat.
- ✓ 昨天我没有吃东西
zuó tiān wǒ méi yǒu chī dōng xi
I didn't eat anything yesterday.
- ✓ *Méi yǒu* is used to express that something did *not* happen in the past.

- ✓ 我们可以一起吃
wǒ men kě yǐ yì qǐ chī
We can eat together.
- ✓ 我们在饭店吃了一点儿东西
wǒ men zài fàn diàn chī le yì diǎnr dōng xi
We ate something at a restaurant.
- ✓ 你是什么时候到的？
nǐ shì shén me shí hòu dào de?
When did you arrive?

UNIT 30

- ✓ 昨天早上
zuó tiān zǎo shàng
yesterday morning
- ✓ 我们是今天早上到的
wǒ men shì jīn tiān zǎo shàng dào de
We arrived this morning.
- ✓ 你们是什么时候到北京的？
nǐ men shì shén me shí hòu dào běi jīng de?
When did you arrive at Beijing?
- ✓ Word order: *dào* [location] *de*
- ✓ 我是跟我的家人一起到的
wǒ shì gēn wǒ de jiā rén yì qǐ dào de
I arrived with my family.
- ✓ 跟我的三个小孩儿一起
gēn wǒ de sān gè xiǎo hái er yì qǐ
with my three children
- ✓ 你们昨天去了天坛吗？
nǐ men zuó tiān qù le tiān tán ma?
Did you go to Tiantan (Temple of Heaven)
yesterday?
- ✓ 你什么时候去了？
nǐ shén me shí hòu qù le?
When did you go?